



Interpreting the Stevia Effect

The critical role of sensory in the development of products containing HPS

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Utilize HPS to produce a non-caloric, natural product

Mouth feel

Temporal profile

Sweetness intensity

Structure functionality

Adaptation behavior

Maximal response

Flavor profile

Textural changes

Ingredient/system interaction

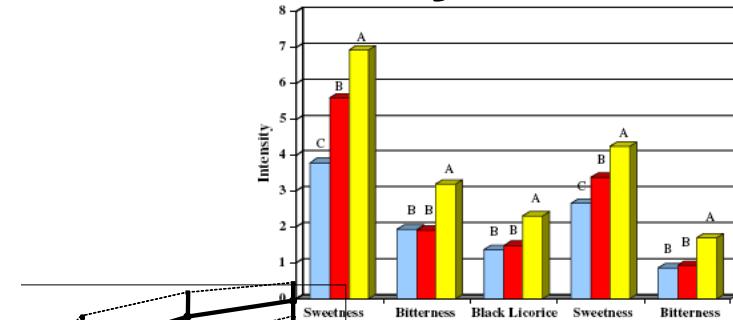
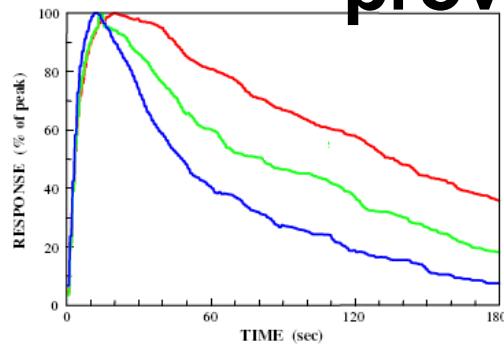


CHALLENGE

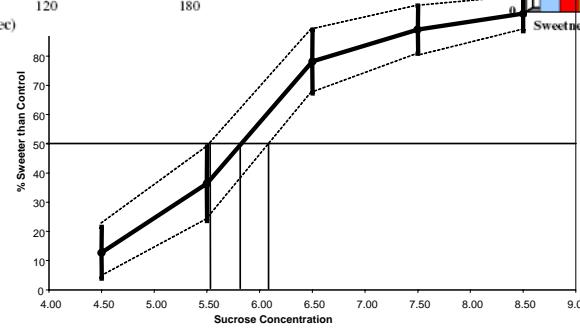
Ability to track and understand the effect of each formula modification on each attribute.



Analytical Sensory Tools provide that ability



feeding the minds
that feed the world



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Key Analytical Sensory Tools - for sweet system development

❖ Time Intensity Profiling

- Ability to track changes in perception over time
 - Intensity based
 - Any critical character

❖ Descriptive Profiling

- Characterization and magnitude of sensory attribute
 - Taste and flavor
 - Texture
 - Mouth feel
 - Appearance

❖ Sweetness Equivalency

- Modeling of sweetness response to determine concentrations resulting in perceived equivalent sweetness
 - Foundation tool
 - Complexity of system can affect

❖ Discrimination

- Determination of overall similarity or difference



Requirements to Insightful Data & Interpretation

- ❖ Experienced, trained evaluators
 - Ability to target attributes
 - Ignore interference factors
 - Ignorant of manipulations, issues of relevance, etc.
- ❖ Consistency
 - Methods
 - Panelists
 - Scaling
- ❖ Sensory bias control
 - Pallet Cleansing
 - Controlled evaluation time
 - Limited sample exposure





Requirements to Insightful Data & Interpretation

- ❖ Significant data points
 - Number of panelists
 - Time to train, develop competency
 - Replications
 - Blind presentations
- ❖ Experienced scientists and data analysts
 - Method and design experience
 - Advanced statistics
- ❖ Time for Research
 - Targeted research to objective
 - Incorporate into plan



Greater Importance in Formulation with HPS



❖ Sweetness plus....

- Understanding the associated tastes and flavors
- Must do through delivery perception -> sensory analysis



❖ Impact of maskers and modulators

- Measurement of effect requires sensory analysis



Driving Sensory Tool Choice

Development Stage/Question is key to tool choice!

- ❖ Understanding your target, your system & your product
 - What is the competition, What character motivates category acceptance
 - Consumer preference with Descriptive analysis
 - HPS systems in existing products
 - Descriptive profile comparisons
 - Chosen HPS system
 - Sweetness equivalency
 - Flavor profile
- KNOWLEDGE GAIN:** Baseline info
Define most probable success path
- ❖ Guidance of development
 - What masking agent/texture ingredient is producing desired effect
 - How are they specialty ingredients interacting
 - Descriptive analysis
 - What is changing, by how much
 - Descriptive analysis comparison
 - Time Intensity profiling
 - Is consumer perception altered
 - Consumer hedonics

KNOWLEDGE GAIN: Confirmation of approach
Further direction



Driving Sensory Tool Choice, cont.

- ❖ Quantifying and validating product
 - Does alternative supply effect results
 - Discrimination testing
 - Descriptive – for how
 - Which manipulation generates highest acceptance
 - Consumer preference
 - Descriptive analysis of winning product
 - Can it be repeated consistently
 - Descriptive analysis comparison

KNOWLEDGE GAIN: Confidence in product



Example ❖ Foundation and development consumer evaluation

	Juice/Stevia (946) (A)	Sucrose (773) (B)	Stevia (413) (D)
Overall Liking	6.2 D	6.3 D	4.2
Overall Flavor Liking	6.1 D	5.9 D	4.1
Mouthfeel Liking	6.3 D	6.6 D	4.9

	Juice/Stevia (946) (A)	Sucrose (773) (B)	Stevia (413) (D)
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Thickness – JAR	78%	81%	59%
Too thick	12	12	16
Not thick enough	9	6	25

❖ Recommended Next Steps

- Descriptive profiling to understand consumer texture comments
 - Opportunity to improve further
- Develop plan based on further understanding



Sensory Evaluation Watch-outs with HPS

- ❖ Insufficient screening, training of panelists
 - Sweet sensitivity
 - Elimination of “blindness”
 - Ability to finely discriminate and dissect
 - Foundation of general high potency sweetener characteristics
 - Time for training, confidence
- ❖ Too many samples, too little time
 - Palate fatigue
 - Linger
 - Numbing
- ❖ Identified evaluations
 - Expectation of character
 - Preconceived results
- ❖ Skipping statistical validation at key steps
 - Time related
 - Confidence in direction
 - Repetitive





Sensory in HPS based Product Development

- ❖ Only way to fully understand interactions
 - Flavor
 - Mouth feel
 - Texture
 - Aftertaste
- ❖ Varied tools available
 - Use each as appropriate to guide development, to understand
- ❖ Sensory Scientists are critical team members, seek them out
 - Guides to tools
 - Provide access to trained panels
- ❖ Can't assume same result in different product/system
 - Physiology of taste perception very different
- ❖ Short cutting sensory evaluation can lead you astray!



THANK YOU!

Questions?

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